



L. JOHNSTON, Editor.

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EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1867.

H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher.

NUMBER 42.

WHOLESALE DRUG STORE!

N. H. HARBURGER & CO.,
4000 LBS. WHITE LARD,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.,

Constantly for sale the largest and best
assortment of pure

DRUGS & MEDICINES

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Alcohol, Turpentine,

Wines and Liquors, best brands,

4000 LBS. WHITE LARD,

GLASS, PUTTY,

all in fact everything kept in a first-class

Drug Store, all of which will be

SOLD AT CITY PRICES.

SHLEH'S CELEBRATED BITTERS,

by the dozen or by the gallon.

OUR STOCK OF

Pharmacies and Toilet Articles

is acknowledged by all judges to be the

LARGEST IN QUANTITY

AND FINEST IN QUALITY

OF ANY IN OUR TOWN.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

SHARP'S MOUNTAIN HERB BITTERS

AND

SHARP'S MAGIC OINTMENT!

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED AT

LOWEST PRICES.

JOHNSTOWN, AUG. 15, 1867-1y.

BEYOND COMPETITION!

ESTABLISHED 1856.

THE OLDEST

DRUG STORE

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

C. T. FRAZER

Keeps constantly on hand the

LARGEST,

CHEAPEST

AND BEST

ASSORTMENT OF GOODS PERTAIN

ING TO THE

DRUG BUSINESS

In the County, which he offers

AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

TO THE TRADE AND PUBLIC

AT LOWEST RATES!

C. T. FRAZER

Franklin Street,

(OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE.)

JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

old established

Fur Manufactory!

NO. 718

Arch St., above 7th,

PHILAD'A.

Have now in Store,

of my own Importa-

tion and Manufacture,

one of the largest and

most beautiful

selections of FANCY FURS, for Ladies'

GEIS & REUTH, BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS AND BOOK BINDERS.

MANUFACTURERS OF BLANK BOOKS,
POCKET-BOOKS, PAPER BOXES
AND LOOKING GLASSES.

Looking Glass and Picture Frames always

on hand, and made to order. A large and

most complete assortment of Drawing Room

Miscellaneous Pictures, consisting of

Chromos, Paintings in Oil, Steel Plate En-

gravings, Plain and Colored Lithographs,

Oil Prints, Photographs and Wood Cuts.

This collection embraces a selection of large

sized match pictures of Landscape and Do-

mestic Scenes and Portraits, and 6,000 dif-

ferent varieties of Card Photographs of prom-

inent men, comic and sentimental scenes and

copies of subjects by celebrated artists. We

have also a varied assortment of BIBLES,

PRAYER, HYMN and SCHOOL BOOKS,

HISTORIES, BIOGRAPHIES, NOVELS,

&c. Religious Prints and Emblems in great

variety, and the largest and most complete

stock of STATIONERY ever brought to this

county. 500 new and beautiful styles of

WALL PAPER, including an assortment of

Potter's celebrated English make, for which

we are sole agents in this locality. These

Wall Papers are handsome in design, super-

ior in finish, and 24 inches wider than any

other make.

The citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity are

respectfully notified that we make BOOK

BINDING and the manufacture of BLANK

BOOKS a specialty. All work promptly

executed at moderate rates.

Store on corner of Clinton and Locust

streets, immediately opposite Foster House.

Johnstown, Oct. 24, 1867-4f.

A WANT SUPPLIED AT LAST!

THE ONLY CLOTHING STORE

IN EBENSBURG.

FALL & WINTER STOCK

There is no need now of going to any place

distant from home to purchase

Ready-Made Clothing,

as the subscribers have not only in store on

Main street, three doors east of Craw-

ford's Hotel, a full line of

OVERCOATS, FROCK & DRESS COATS,

BUSINESS AND OTHER COATS,

Cassimere and Dressing Pants, Pantaloons

for every day wear, Vests of all

styles and textures, and Gen-

tleman's FURNISHING

GOODS, to suit all

purchasers, as well as

Trunks, Valises, Carpet-Bags,

Ladies' and Gent's Traveling Bags,

&c., but we are prepared to sell goods at as

Reasonable Prices

as like articles can be purchased from any

dealer in this section of the State. Our

STOCK IS UP AND PRICES DOWN

to the times, as any person can satisfy him-

self who visits our establishment.

Remember that this is the only regular

first-class Clothing Store in Ebensburg, and

in variety, extent and cheapness of stock it

will be found unrivalled. Everybody is in-

The Poet's Department.

BROKEN VOWS.

Promises are lightly spoken;

Vows on which we blindly build

(Uttered only to be broken)

Go forever unfulfilled.

Of betrayed but still believing—

Duped again and yet again—

All our hoping, all our grieving

Warns us, but it warns in vain.

From the cradle to the coral—

From the sunny days of youth—

We are taught the simple moral,

Still we doubt the moral's truth.

When a boy found me rather

Loth to do as I was bid.

"I shall buy a birch," says father.

Broken vow! He never did.

Grown extravagant, when youthful,

In my tailor's debt I ran;

He appeared about as truthful

In his talk as any man.

Let me tell you how he sold me:

"Look ye, Mr. What's-Your-Name,

I shall summons you," he told me—

But the summons never came.

Through the meadows, daisy-laden,

Once it was my lot to stray,

Talking to a lovely maiden

In a very spony way;

And I stole a kiss—another—

Then another—then a lot.

"Fie!" she said, "I'll tell my mother."

Idle words: she told her not.

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Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

A NIGHT IN A BAYOU.

The Mississippi, like the Nile, is divided

at its mouth into a number of outlets,

thus forming a delta of islands, which,

though devoid of anything like scenic

beauty, are not devoid of interest.

The great river, washing as it does the

banks of a country many thousand miles

in extent, carries down in solution great

masses of soil, which the impetus of its

current, through the reaction of the sea,

aided by subterranean salt springs and ac-

cumulating drift logs, causes to settle in

banks at the mouth, which in the lapse of

time and the ordinary nature, obtain an

elevation above its surface, and becomes

sprinkled with tokens of vegetable life.

These islands nearest the sea possess

the fewest traces of vegetation; some of

them being adorned by only two or three

tuffs of red grass, while those on the ex-

treme confines of the coast are wholly

without vegetable production; the forma-

tion of the latter being too recent to allow

time for the germination of chance seeds.

The numerous creeks which intersect

these islands are called bayous, and wind

amongst interminable spaces of marshy

ground overgrown with tall and cane-like

reeds. These are the favorite haunts of

alligators, snakes and other aqueous

and amphibious reptiles, whose solitude

is rarely disturbed by man. An explor-

ing party entering these precincts, will

find the navigation, from the shallowness

of the water, both troublesome and diffi-

cult.

On the afternoon of a hot day in sum-

mer, a boat with a crew of four men and

cowskin, belonging to an outward-bound

ship lying at anchor in the stream, was

seen to make its way into one of the bay-

ous. The cowskin was the chief officer

of the vessel, and the men at oars were

picked men from his watch. Embarked

as they were, for no other purpose than

the gratification of curiosity, the reserve

usually maintained between master and

men was laid aside, and jokes and com-

ments freely passed, a proceeding which

Mr. Adams, the officer rather encouraged

on suppressed. Indeed the latter oc-

casional put in a remark likely to in-

crease hilarity and dispel restraint. Un-

der such auspices, their labor was light.

The oars bent to their strokes, and the

boat cleft the water like a fish.

"Give way, my lads," said Mr. Adams,

"pull with a will. Make a noise,

some of you. Jack, strike up with some-

thing."

Jack who sung well and had a good

voice, commenced a roaring song.

"Ease the starboard oar," interrupted

Mr. Adams. "Pull in for that creek, d'ye

see. There—steady she goes."

"Aye, aye, sir," said Jack.

BRADDOCK'S GRAVE.

The place where Braddock was buried

is in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, and

between fifty-three and fifty-four miles

north of the National road. There had

CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, : : : Nov. 21, 1867.

THE PURITANS.

The *Alleghenian* is out in defence, or rather laudation, of the Puritans. We certainly have no desire to attack them, and our article was only drawn out by the preference given to them, over the rest of our citizens, by that paper.

In defining the term *Puritan*, we did not and do not mean to attack the whole people of New England. Certainly not, Puritanism has been as sternly resisted by New Englanders, and Democratic government as well vindicated by citizens of New England, as by any others. We might go further, and say that in no portion of our Union, except in New England, has death and banishment been endured for conscience sake.

The May Flower colony and their successors sought the wilds of the west that they might "worship God according to the dictates of their own consciences." But when others sought the same shore for the same purpose, they refused to tolerate them. When members of the Church of England emigrated they were refused the "rights of conscience." When Roger Williams, a Baptist, was found among them, though his character was of the purest, his life the most exemplary, he was deliberately banished from among them and compelled to found a new colony.

Nay, worse. A Quaker and a Catholic were found among these saints, and the one was *burned*—the other banished. Besides all this, a large number of obnoxious persons were burnt as witches. For all these well known facts we appeal to the history of New England, as written by the sons of the Puritans.

Their government was, indeed, a Theocracy—a perfect Union of Church and State. Each person was required to contribute a certain amount to the church, and laws were enacted to compel attendance at church. Courtship on the Sabbath was prohibited, and all the details of social life were regulated by statute.

This is Puritanism in the United States; and in the settlement of Virginia, at Jamestown, by the Episcopalians—of Maryland, at Baltimore, by the Catholics—of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, by the Quakers—you can find no such stains upon the pages of history as are to be found in the Puritanism of New England.

In the foregoing we have no reference to the general morality of the inhabitants, but merely to the laws and institutions which they ordained for the government of their people. The state of morals is as high in New England as anywhere else, but it is with the intolerance of the law-making power that we have to do. Why, recently, in Maine, a man was fined heavily for drinking his own cider. Another step would punish him for eating his own apples, and one step further would prevent him from growing them.

But it seems to us, the *Alleghenian* yields the question when it attributes the radical defeat to the various *isms* by which it was loaded. It is the weakness of Puritanism to establish by law "what you shall eat and what you shall drink, and wherewithal you shall be clothed," and how you shall travel, as well as wherewithal travel, eat, drink, sleep and vote with you.

It is recorded of the Redeemer of mankind, that he went into a field of corn with his disciples on the Sabbath, and plucked the ears of corn and ate them. If that had happened in New England, no power but Omnipotence could have kept them out of the Quarter Sessions.

The *Alleghenian* reduces our article to four propositions, and disposes of them no doubt satisfactorily to itself. We said, what every one knows, that the term *Puritan* had its origin in England. How that contradicts the historical fact that a portion of them emigrated to New England, and from that time to the present gave tone to its laws and institutions, none but our neighbor could discover.

"It is a misnomer to call the Puritans Democrats," we agree, either "previous to the accession of Cromwell to the English throne," or at any other time, but they *professed* Democracy, and we have shown, with sufficient clearness, that in power they were and are tyrannical. We might say, *en passant*, that if we were as good cavaliers as our neighbors, we would deny his statement of the "accession of Cromwell to the English throne," as there was no throne in Cromwell's time. He was simply Protector.

But against the history of our own country and of England, Macauley is cited to prove that the Puritans were not tyrannical. Macauley does not, in terms, assert it, but he did, while we admire the easy flow of his well rounded periods, we would never quote him as a reliable historian. He is an able partisan writer, but no man living (we include the *Alleghenian* editor) will quote him as an impartial historian. In reply to loose extracts from his redundant pen, we refer to the acknowledged standards of English

history, "Russell's Modern Europe" and "Hume's History of England," by Protestant writers, as well as "Liguard's History of England," Catholic.

If the *Alleghenian*, in the face of these authorities, still asserts that Macauley is historically reliable, we refer him to that portion of his history which slanders the memory of William Penn, the great and good founder of Pennsylvania, and if our neighbor still believes in Macauley, then we place him where the little boy said he was in the shorter catechism—"beyond redemption."

As regards the general duty of government to provide for the protection of the citizen in his "personal security, and private property," our friend does not seem to understand that this covers the full administration of the criminal code, and punishes bigamy, bawdy-house keeping and every other criminal offence.

But we are wrong in saying that on the death of Cromwell the people "welcomed as king the son of their decapitated monarch!" And why? Because *six whole months intervened!!!* We do not pretend to fight quibbles. Of course it required time for the new monarch to return from his banishment.

But the *Alleghenian* prefers Plymouth to Jamestown, referring to these points as the earliest American settlements. It stigmatizes the latter people as thieves, and they prefer a fanatic to a thief. So do we. But our reading of history does not inform us that the gallant Captain John Smith and his comrades were thieves. And we should be sorry to stigmatize those who made the earliest settlement in the thirteen original States, and to whom we are indebted for the most romantic feature in the history of our country—the story of Pocahontas—as imputed felons.

But what have the *Alleghenian* or *Freeman* to do with Plymouth or Jamestown, since we are not descended from either stock? The settlement of St. Augustine, Florida, is older than either, and we might as well refer to that place as either Jamestown or Plymouth.

But enough! We differ in opinion with the *Alleghenian* on a subject on which Democrats always must hold a different view from their opponents.

COURTS AND COLOR.

The Supreme Court is a great institution, and Judge Agnew, of that Court, a bully Radical. An Abolitionist, "dyed in the wool," and distinguished for the radical texture of his opinions, he is of course subject to the mandate of the great Radical party to which he belongs.

The platform of the Radical Convention at Williamsport, it will be remembered, provided that the "Supreme Court should decide questions in harmony with the popular opinion of the State." Hence when the State has gone against the Negro-worshippers, he gives the negro the go-by, and delivers a lengthy opinion to the effect that notwithstanding last winter's negro legislation, conductors on our railroads have a right to separate "persons of color" from white passengers.

This is literally carrying out the Williamsport platform, and yet many of the radical organs are berating Judge Agnew fearfully for practising what they preached. Seriously speaking, we honor Judge Agnew, and the Court of which he is a member, for the sternness and ability with which they uphold our institutions, and prevent a morbid sentimentality from running riot through the land. We understand that the opinion above referred to was unanimous, though three of the five judges are Republicans.

But why discuss this question? Not one of those who abuse the Supreme Court for their opinion but would *practically* adopt their theory. The editor of the *Alleghenian* himself would not desire to eat at the same table, occupy the same room, much less sleep in the same bed, with a "person of color." And he would be just as reluctant to occupy a seat with a negro, in a car loaded with negroes, as Judge Agnew, or any other Judge. We are free to say this much for him, although he seems too modest to say it for himself.

LATE ELECTIONS.—In New York the Democratic majority is 43,906 on the State ticket. The Legislature will stand: Senate—Democrats 15, Radicals 17. House—Democrats 71, Radicals 57. Democratic majority on joint ballot, 12. Last year the Radicals had 58 on joint ballot.

In Massachusetts the Radical majority is reduced to 26,000. Last year it was 65,000. Boston gave 14,000 Democratic majority. Both branches of the Legislature are Radical, but there is an immense majority in each House in favor of License.

New Jersey is Democratic by a large majority, with a joint majority of 31 in the Legislature.

Maryland is Democratic all over. Majority about 40,000.

Minnesota is Radical by about 5,000, and the proposition to allow negroes to vote is probably carried.

Kansas goes Radical, but the proposition favoring negro and female suffrage are both voted down.

THE POOR HOUSE.

We give space in the *Freeman* this week to the following communication upon this subject from Mr. A. D. Criste, holding that any citizen has a right to be heard touching the conduct of our Poor House Directors, or any other officials. We know nothing of the merits of the controversy, and any person feeling himself aggrieved is welcome to our columns for a reply.

There is one grave mistake, not to call it by a harsher name, in Mr. Criste's paper. Speaking of Henry Byrne, Esq., he says: "At whose command he thus evaded his sworn duty, you, sir, well know." We know no such thing. That remark, Mr. Criste, is entirely gratuitous. We have not spoken ten words with Mr. Byrne since his election, and have been equally distant with Mr. Daley and Mr. Orris. We have no pleasure in local fights, and least of all, do we wish to get into the poor house with them. But to the communication:

MUNSTER, NOV. 18, 1867.

R. L. JOHNSON, Esq.—Dear Sir: I propose, with your kind permission, through the columns of your paper, to say a few words concerning the treatment which I have received lately at the hands of the Directors of the Poor of Cambria county. On the 20th of September last the Board of Directors met at the Poor House and appointed me Steward of that institution. Since the House has been opened the appointment of officers was always made at the September meeting. Well, on Monday, Oct. 28th, the Board met at the Poor House, and after reading the minutes of the previous meeting, Mr. Byrne said: "I move to set these appointments aside." Mr. Thomas: "I second the motion." Now these men had a legal right to do this, and I have the same right to deal with them just as little courtesy. I shall do so *ad interim*.

Mr. Byrne, who proposed this outrage, is the same person who was elected to his office in reward for his services in Canada during the late war. This may be excused, being the effect of a constitutional defect for which a man is not strictly accountable. But there is a moral cowardice which neither the laws of God or man will excuse, which deters men from performing their sworn duties when there is danger of giving offence to some one to whom they owe some little political favor, which strikes down the integrity of men when opportunity offers to profit by dishonest gain.

A great deal has been lately said by Mr. Byrne's friends in Ebensburg about his honesty. Is he an honest man, or is he the moral coward above described? Let us see. He was elected ostensibly to put things right about the Poor House. Very well. He was scarcely warm in his place of honor until, at his instance, a visit was made by the entire Board to Johnstown. On this occasion all expenses were paid by the county. The party went upon a regular spree. They did, I believe, hire a Doctor—nothing more. Mr. Byrne came next day to the Poor House and coolly issued an order in his own favor for the sum of ten dollars—a small sum, but the principle is the thing.

An arrangement was made to meet again during the next week, at least Byrne said so. One evening during the ensuing week he arrived at the Poor House and ordered the team to go to the Station to meet some friends, as he said. The friends arrived, and after spending the night, one of them presented a bill to the Board for something over forty dollars.

An officer of the House took Mr. Byrne out of the office, and told him he did not believe the bill was just, and warned him not to pay it. "Oh!" says Mr. Byrne, "don't be uneasy, I will never sign it." Mr. Byrne and the person who presented the bill then started together to town. What passed on the way is known only to themselves, but before many days Mr. Byrne returned to the Poor House and signed an order for the bill, without inquiry. His moral cowardice was further displayed by his absenting himself from the regular meetings of the Board, in August and September, thus neglecting duties which he had sworn to perform.

His attendance, I am informed, has since been ample. At whose command he thus evaded his sworn duties, you, sir, well know. In the face of these charges, which I dare Mr. Byrne to deny (if he denies them access to the books of the Poor House, if refused will be enforced), will he continue to occupy the office which he has thus disgraced? If he does, he exhibits a degree of moral turpitude of which political depravity exhibits few parallels. Had one such charge been made against me, and substantiated, as the above can be, I would have quietly wilted under the indignity which has been perpetrated upon me, and would have been perpetually silent. On the contrary, no pretext whatever was offered for this high-handed act. 'Twas not even alleged that my family was large, expensive and idle; neither was it asserted that I was a gambler, intemperate or lazy. But when it was suggested that this proceeding might be the subject of political scandal, being as it was a family arrangement, Mr. Thomas answered "We're a going to do it."

It might have been urged that I was not a resident of Ebensburg, nor the incumbent of a good county office, nor the willing tool of a set of politicians. But these statesmen appear to have overlooked all these things in their vigorous pursuit of a favorite family object. 'Tis accomplished. For the present I have done with Mr. Byrne. Let him answer if he dare, Mr. Thomas may, for the present, rest upon his laurels. But the entire Board, high and mighty as they are, will find that before the bar of public opinion they shall come and answer for their official doings.

A. D. CRISTE.

—Thirty-six Radical members of the new Legislature held a caucus at Pittsburg, on the 14th, and arranged matters generally about the prospective spoils. They must be a hungry set.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

—It is said that the American Consul at Rome fought by the side of the Papal troops and was slightly wounded.

—Fifteen inmates of the Western Penitentiary made an attempt to escape from that institution one night last week, and would undoubtedly have succeeded had it not been for the timely discovery of their purpose.

—Gold is said to have been discovered the other day in a vein of rock in Mercer county by several workmen who were engaged in sinking a coal shaft. It is thought that the rock will yield \$5000 in gold to the ton.

—A photographer named Gregory was found in his room in Cleveland, on Saturday last, with his throat cut, together with a girl, name unknown. Both were dead. The girl had been shot. Nothing explanatory of this mystery is yet known.

—Miss Antonette Cline, a beautiful and highly respectable young lady of Frederick, Maryland, whilst returning to her home a few nights ago, was so brutally assaulted by a negro that her life is despaired of. The villain came near being lynched.

—The Pennsylvania railroad company will receive proposals until the first of January for leasing the Union depot hotel at Pittsburg, the Logan house at Altoona, and the dining saloon in the Harrisburg depot, for a term of years, commencing on or before the first of March.

—An army deserter named Vanata, on his way to New York in charge of an officer, jumped out of the car window a short distance above the Rockville bridge. Nothing has been seen or heard of him since, and it is supposed that his bold leap for liberty was accomplished without injury.

—Miss Adeline Sanborn, of Lowell, Vermont, committed suicide, a few days ago, by hanging herself in an outbuilding. She was to be married soon, but for some unknown reason she became opposed to the engagement, and was heard to say, "There will be a funeral before there is a wedding."

—A week or two since Senator Sumner, in getting off a car, fell and badly hurt his head. On Friday last Senator Wade was thrown from a buggy by a frightened horse and badly damaged his head. These ought to be taken by them as serious reminders from a higher power to make a better use of those members at the approaching session.

—The suicide mania still prevails about Pittsburg. On Saturday at East Liberty a German named Gideon Libenspar, in consequence of domestic troubles, attempted to end his existence with a pistol, but failed to accomplish his purpose, although he made an ugly hole through his head. On Monday a man named Thomas Mentzer did succeed in "shuffling off this mortal coil" near Temperanceville, by means of a rope attached to a beam in his stable.

—Six hundred houses, including many valuable warehouses, were blown down at Matamoras by the recent tornado on the Rio Grande. Five million dollars would not more than cover the losses. For thirty miles around all the ranches were thrown down. At the mouth of the river and at Brownsville the destruction was equally great. Not more than twenty persons were killed, however, and forty or fifty wounded. Much suffering prevails.

—Hon. Nathaniel Bullock, formerly Lieutenant Governor of Rhode Island, and a prominent member of the Democratic party of that State, died at his residence, in Bristol, on Wednesday last. He was born in Massachusetts, and at the time of his death had attained the great age of eighty-nine years. During the time of Democratic ascendancy in Rhode Island, the deceased held a very prominent position in his State, and was one of the most popular men connected with the party.

—The talk about the pedestrian feat now accomplishing by Weston revives recollections of an Englishman, Captain Barclay, whose exploits in this line have never since been approached. In 1796, when only sixteen, he walked six miles in an hour. Some years afterward, while in training for a match of ninety miles in twenty-one and a half hours, he walked one hundred and ten miles in nineteen hours. In December, 1801, he made a hundred miles in nineteen hours. It is said that he walked with his body bent forward, so as to throw the weight on his knees. His step was short, and his feet were lifted but a few inches from the ground. His walking dress was about the same as that worn by Weston.

—It is not improbable that the President may hold back the appointment of a successor to Stanton until some days after the meeting of Congress. Upon a review of the subject, it is the opinion of Mr. Johnson that there is no absolute necessity for action, during the recess of Congress, in order to test the Constitutionality of the tenure of office law. Already, Stanton is ousted and the Administration has possession of the War Department, and in order to get possession of the office Stanton must resort to legal process, even though Grant shall be continued in office. The President desires to tender the position to General McClellan, and may delay the appointment until certain whether the latter is coming immediately to the United States or not.

ANOTHER NEGRO OUTRAGE.—On Wednesday last a nomadic darkey, giving the name of Isaac Derat, attempted a nameless outrage upon the person of a little white girl named Spragg, aged about twelve years, living in Wayne township, Greene county. In company with two other girls smaller than herself, the girl was conveying a bunch of patterns to a neighbor's, when they were overtaken and accosted by the negro. At a favorable moment he seized the eldest and conveyed her into the woods. Her companions fled and communicated the news to a man near by, who immediately proceeded to the rescue in time to prevent the consummation of the fiend's hellish purpose. He was arrested and imprisoned. There is no extenuation for this species of diabolism, and it is hoped the law will be meted out in full.

FATAL EXPLOSION.—A freight engine exploded at Binghamton, N. Y., on the morning of the 16th inst., tearing the locomotive to fragments and instantly killing the engineer and fireman, the former named Edward Caton, and the latter William Rose, both of Syracuse. The bodies of the two men were found against the wood pile in the tender, with both their heads torn off. Mr. Caton's head was torn from his body, leaving only a tuft of his side whiskers, his jaw, and the upper end of his spinal column, protruding from the back of his throat. Mr. Rose was struck in the forehead by a piece of the boiler, and the top of his skull cut completely off. Upon removing the victims from the engine, a hot iron, from some portion of the fire-box, was found in the heart of Mr. Rose, piercing his flesh. A large piece of the boiler, weighing one hundred and fifty pounds, was hurled about twenty rods, and another piece cut a limb three inches in diameter from a tree. Another piece, weighing ninety pounds, was blown forty rods. The noise of the explosion was heard a distance of five miles.

A SNAKE IN A BOY'S STOMACH.—A boy aged eight years, son of Benjamin Whisler, residing in Millin township, a short distance from Newville, in Cumberland county, has been seriously afflicted for some time past on account of having a living snake in his stomach. The presence of the young reptile was discovered about two years ago, and by a rapid growth it has attained a size that renders it very painful to the boy. Thirteen physicians assembled at the family residence last week and held a consultation, when it was decided that the only manner in which the snake could be removed was by cutting open the stomach of the sufferer. The boy has not eaten any food except sweets and new milk for more than a year past, and has a horror of everything else in the shape of nourishment. The case is a very singular one, and may be considered by many in the light of a snake story, but we assure our readers the facts above stated are strictly true.—*Herald, Newville.*

THE OLDEST PERSON KNOWN.—A colored woman, Mrs. Stuart, of Londonderry, N. H., is the oldest person known in the United States. She was born in Boston in 1750, and consequently is twenty-six years older than the Declaration of American Independence. As she tells the story, her father and mother, when she was three months old, came into the possession of the Simpson family, of Windham, N. H., as slaves, and remained with them until after the abolition of slavery in that State. She called her maiden name after that of her master's family, Simpson.

Long ago she was left a widow, and has now living two sons and a daughter. She was at Manchester last week, and had photographs of herself taken, and was very much surprised at the process.

SECURE THE SHADOWS OF THE SUBSTANCE FADES.

PICTURES FOR THE MILLION.

Having located in Ebensburg, I would respectfully inform the public that I am prepared to execute PHOTOGRAPHS in every style of the art, from the smallest card picture to the largest sized for framing. Pictures taken in any kind of weather.

PHOTOGRAPHS PAINTED IN OIL, INDIA INK OR WATER COLORS.

Every attention given to the taking of Children's pictures, but in clear weather only. Special attention is invited to my stock of LARGE PICTURE FRAMES and PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, which I will sell cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere in town. Copying and Enlarging done on reasonable terms. I ask comparison and defy competition.

Thankful for past favors, I solicit a continuance of the same. Gallery on Julian street, two doors south of Town Hall.

T. T. SPENCE, Photographer.

Ebensburg, Nov. 14, 1867.

NEW AND EXTENSIVE ARRIVAL OF WINTER CLOTHING.

JOHN DOUGHERTY, TAILOR, has just received a new and extensive stock of CLOTHING from the East, consisting of Cloth Coats, Flossed Salma Overcoats, Short and Long Flossed Gum Boots for Gents, Boots and Arctic Shoes for Ladies and Gum Shoes for Children, all of which will be sold at the lowest prevailing prices. He has also received his Quarterly Fashions for the Fall and Winter of 1867, with a large number of patterns for Boys' Clothing. nov. 14-3t.

PAY UP!—All persons indebted to the subscriber, either by note or book account, are requested to make payment on or before the 1st day of January next. I need what is due me, and must have it or know the reason why. Those interested will save costs by promptly heeding this notice.

GEORGE GURLEY.

Ebensburg, Nov. 14, 1867-3t.

FLEM. HOLLIDAY, WITH GRAVE, WATKINS & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

426 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Aug. 22, 1867.

WANTED, AGENTS—Male or Female.

Can earn \$50 per week at their own homes, in a light and honorable business. Any person having a few hours daily to spare will find this a good paying occupation. Address, sending two stamps, for full particulars, E. E. Lockwood, Detroit, Michigan. [nov. 7-6t.]

STRAY HEIFFER.—Came to my premises, eight miles from Wilmore, some time in August, last, a black and white spotted HEIFFER, two years old past. No other marks noticed. The owner can have her by proving property and paying charges. nov. 14-3t JEREMIAH GLEASON.

TEACHER WANTED.—A Male

Teacher is wanted to take charge of the school in the village of Summerhill, Croyle township. By order of the Board. JAS. D. PLUMMER, Sec'y.

Nov. 14, 1867-4t.

ANY PERSON intending to build a House or Barn, can buy Nails and Hardware cheap by paying cash at Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEYS.

V. S. B. V.

VARIETY!

STYLE!

BEAUTY!

V. S. B. V.

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MORE NEW

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Lowest Prices!

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CLOTHING,

GROCERIES,

NOTIONS, &c.,

I DEFY

Competition!

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GOODS OR PRICES

and invite the

ATTENTION

OF

PURCHASERS

TO MY

SUPERB STOCK

OF

Cheap Goods

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A Popular Dictionary of General Knowledge

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The leading claims to public consideration which the new American Cyclopædia possesses may be thus briefly stated:

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"3. The best minds in this country have been employed in enriching its pages with the latest data, and the most recent theories in every branch of manufactures, mechanics, and general science.

"4. It is a library in itself, where a topic is treated, and where information is gleaned which will enable a student, he is so disposed, to consult other authorities, thus affording him an invaluable knowledge.

"5. It is neatly printed, with ready type, on good paper, and contains a dignified index.

"6. It is the only work which gives a thing approaching correct descriptions of cities and towns of America, and reliable statistics showing the growth of all sections."

Every one that reads, every one who mingles in society, is constantly made with allusions to subjects on which he desires further information. In conversation, in trade, in professional life, on the farm, in the family, practical questions continually arising, which no man, well or not, can always satisfactorily answer. Facilities for reference are at hand, they are consulted, and not only is the difficulty met, but the stock of knowledge accumulated; but perhaps information is gained and the business success of the party concerned.

A Cyclopædia is pre-eminently the property of our country and generation. This age of steam. No one has time to spare among a hundred different works for the little fact required, without the error of finding it at last. With a Cyclopædia at hand every conceivable subject, and every topic alphabetically arranged, at a moment is lost. The matter in question found at once, digested, condensed, and of all that is irrelevant and unnecessary, verified by a comparison of the best authorities. Moreover, while only one of them can collect a library complete in all the partitions of knowledge, a Cyclopædia worth in itself for purposes of reference at least a thousand volumes, is within the reach of all the clerk, the merchant, the professional man, the farmer, the mechanic, the country like ours, where the number of people called to responsible positions requires intelligence and general information. The value of such a work cannot be overestimated.

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It is an enterprise of immense value to the public, and ought to be in every library, public and private, as an invaluable work of reference.—*Atlas and Argus, Albany, N. Y.*

We can confidently and conscientiously recommend the "Annual Cyclopædia" to whomsoever who would have an accurate and reliable history of contemporary events close at hand, and as a safe work of reference.—*Evening Traveller.*

CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

THURSDAY : : NOV. 21, 1867.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

To Correspondents.—A. R. H., Wilmore. We recollect the meetings to which you refer, and are pleased that your lot has been cast among us. Shall be happy to be informed of all your "unions."

Editorialists, Local and General.—A fine buck was killed in White township, Indiana county, on Monday week. When first discovered the deer was with a flock of sheep.

"Radical" Orthography.—The Holidays have been a "fiasco" for the "radicals" of the "new school." It was early for a "fiasco," John.

Editorialists, Local and General.—The "radicals" of the "new school" are, as we have seen, a "fiasco" for the "radicals" of the "new school." It was early for a "fiasco," John.

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MacShane on his Travels.

Dear Freeman—I have been to New York again. You may talk about Boston, and Philadelphia, and Baltimore—all three of these respectable cities wouldn't make one New York, nor anything like it. But it takes some time to see it all, and I hadn't time. I saw some of it.

The election was just over, and it had been held principally by the Democrats. The majorities for that party had been piled up to something over 40,000, and the "free" was still their comrade. The Copperheads were getting weary of their load of majorities, and calculating Radicals were wondering how much further the joke would be carried.

Tammany Hall was refulgent with a blaze of glory, and Mozart had forgotten her local defeats in the rejoicing for the general victory. But as your mountaineer readers, excepting a few from Elmhurst and Jacob Glasser, Esq., of Chest township, may not have visited New York, let me tell what the terms Tammany and Mozart mean.

New York has not only the most numerous but the most bellicose and uproarious Democracy of any city in the Union—or out of it. They are always equipped according to law for a free election or a free fight. And their organization, though somewhat rough, is always strong, as the Devil is said to have remarked on one occasion.

The ancient club organization was named in honor of an Indian seer or sage who flourished at a period "whereof the mind of man runneth not to the contrary," and who is still revered as St. Tammany. By an ancient corruption (for New York is not without its corruptions) the first "local habitation" in which this Democratic Association met for counsel was called Tammany Hall.

But the Democratic party in New York became so thrifty that one ill word would answer, and certain Wood R. office holders, becoming dissatisfied with Tammany, organized at a new point known as Mozart Hall, where they continue to flourish, and serve to divide the New York Democracy, and occasionally elect a Radical.

Every branch of business—every grade of society—seemed to participate in the general rejoicing. Only one-fourth part of N. York is radical, it is true, but I had not the pleasure of meeting any even of that fraction. For example, my business lay at the Central New Jersey ticket office, at the foot of Liberty street. Being a stranger, I was inquiring my way as I passed along West street.

"Is this Liberty?" said I to a stalwart Hibernian whom I found on a day.

"You may well say it," was his reply, "liberty to eat and drink and wear what you please, in spite of the radicals and niggers."

"Is this Liberty?" I repeated to a heavy, good-natured looking man who kept a cigar stand.

"Liberty!" Mine Gott, yah! Hurrah for Liberty!" was the answer.

"Is this Liberty?" I once more asked of a slender, nervous-looking fellow, with a black moustache.

"O' est la Liberte, by Gar! C' est la Liberte! Glorieuse!" was all the reply I got.

Wearied with travel and fruitless inquiries, I stepped into an ale house, kept by a chunky, square-faced, a la Scott whiskered Englishman, and ordered a glass of ale.

"We have it, we have it," he sang out—"Urra for Hokey!"

I left in despair. My friend informed me that A. Oskey Hall was a leading candidate on the Democratic ticket, and that every body's head was too full of the election to answer correctly. But we reached the point of our inquiries.

If the population of New York outstrip her rival cities, the magnificence of her improvements makes the disparity still greater. This is more observable in the Northern or upper part of the city than elsewhere.

The great Central Park, which embraces three hundred acres of land, of every variety, is destined to become the principal attraction of the great metropolis. If splendid drives in every possible direction—if the smoothest footways, meandering (if I may use the term) among and around natural hills and artificial mounds—if forests full of game and lakes covered by swans—if all that is grand, beautiful and varied in the floral department, from the tiniest violet to the loftiest magnolia—if bridges, aqueducts, waterfalls, lakes for pleasure boats in the summer and for skating in the winter—if all that is grand, sublime, grotesque and picturesque, with the addition of fast horses, faster women and faster men, can give a charm to any pleasure grounds, then the Central Park has that charm to perfection.

New York is also famous for her Boulevards. These delightful drives are not confined to the metropolis itself, but crossing the Harlem river, (the Northern boundary of New York city and island,) extend away into the adjoining county of Westchester.

These are paved with square split stones, wedged in, have almost the smoothness of a floor, and are of sufficient width (I judge by the eye alone) for the passage of half a dozen carriages abreast. From 3 o'clock P. M. till after midnight these thoroughfares are literally alive with every form and style of vehicle that the ingenuity of man can contrive or the wealth of millions purchase.

But enough of New York for this week. MACSHANE.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

JOHNSTOWN, Nov. 18, 1867.

Dear Freeman—An employee at the rolling mill, named Michael Sullivan, met with a very severe accident one day last week. He was working at a heating furnace, and while in the act of drawing a piece of metal from the furnace with a pair of tongs, his hold slipped, and he fell with considerable force against one of the "buggies" which is used to convey the metal to the rolls, thereby breaking three of his ribs. He was taken to his residence and a physician summoned, who replaced the dislocated ribs, and he is now in a fair way of recovery.

A man who resides in Pittsburg, and who came here to assist in putting gravel roads upon several buildings in this vicinity, was very severely injured, a few days ago, while working at the new roof of the Mechanical Works. He was in the act of ascending the ladder when a piece of board was blown from the roof, which struck him on the forehead, making a terrible gash and completely prostrating him for a time. He was conveyed to the residence of a surgeon and his wound dressed, and from thence he was taken to his home the same evening.

A young son of Samuel Douglas, Esq., was one day last week standing in the vicinity of the new Methodist church, upon which the slaters were at work, when a piece of slate came sliding down from the roof, and falling upon his head, inflicted a serious gash.

J. F. Gordon, Esq., late Co. Sup't, made a very narrow escape the other day. He was standing in close proximity to a building in process of construction, and while one of the carpenters was in the act of driving a nail some distance above Mr. G.'s head, the hatchet slipped from the handle, and whizzing past his ear, cut open his boot at the side of the foot, but did not touch the skin. Mr. G. may well congratulate himself on his escape, for the hatchet, coming with such force, would doubtless have killed him instantly had it struck him on the head.

Mr. E. A. Vickroy and family started on a visit to the West the early part of last week, and design absenting themselves until Spring. Mr. V. is one of the oldest and most respected citizens of this neighborhood.

"Frosty, but kindly," and the family of which your correspondent is a member are under many obligations to him for several acts of kindness, and for which they shall ever hold him in grateful remembrance. Mr. Vickroy has leased his farm for a term of years, and intends taking up his residence in our town on his return from the West. In common with their many friends, I wish them a pleasant trip and a safe return to our midst.

Your correspondent was pleased to greet a number of his Elmhurst friends in town during the past week. First came the Directors of the Poor, followed by our lately elected friend, John D. Thomas. On Monday came John A. Blair, Sheriff elect, Hon. James Murray, Geo. W. Oatman and F. A. Shoemaker, Esqs. S. B. and his friends are always glad to greet these gentlemen on their visits to our town, and he will ever pray, &c., that their "shadders" may stretch out.

SKE BAL.

CHANGED HANDS.—In order to enjoy a brief period of relaxation previous to assuming the duties of Sheriff, Mr. John A. Blair has retired from the management of the Union Hotel in this place, and has been succeeded by Mr. John D. Thomas, of Susquehanna township. In all that constituted a popular and accommodating landlord Mr. Blair was eminently without a superior, but it is gratifying to know that his mantle has fallen upon a man who is in the highest degree qualified to "keep a hotel." We bespeak for the "Union" a continuance of that patronage which has always been extended to it, and have no confidence that one will have cause to complain of the treatment vouchsafed them by the new landlord.

CONTRACTS AWARDED.—The Poor House Directors, at their meeting on Thursday last, made the following award of contracts for the furnishing of meat for the use of that institution during the coming year. The figures named are the lowest that were offered by bidders: To Geo. C. K. Zahm & Co., 2000 lbs. beef at \$6.65 per cwt.; to Wm. Kaylor, 1000 lbs. beef at \$6.65 per cwt.; to Daniel Carney, 300 lbs. pork at 9 cts. per lb.; to Joseph Hogue, 300 lbs. pork at 10 cts.; to Simon Fisher, 600 lbs. pork at 10 cts.; to Wm. Carney, 1000 lbs. pork at 10c.

ANNIVERSARY BALL AND SUPPER.—The De Lencze Association of Carrolltown, intend giving a grand anniversary ball and supper on the evening of Thanksgiving day, Nov. 28th. The public are invited to attend, and from the well-known character of the gentlemen connected with the Association a pleasant and entertaining "feast of reason and flow of soul" may be expected.

A HINT TO MARRIED MEN.—If you're loving, kind and true, You should never fail to do What a wife should have a few.

And should be done by many more; That is this, and nothing less: Buy your wife a handsome dress—The place to buy you'll easily guess.

Is Shoemaker & Comp's store.

COME ANYHOW.—"Come as the winds come when forests are reared; come as the waves come when navies are stranded;" but if you can't come that way come like other sensible people, and buy all you need at the low-priced store of V. S. Barker, where all kinds of merchandise are being sold at prices much more moderate than have prevailed in this balliwick for many years.

JUST RECEIVED.—That large and handsome invoice of new goods which we intimated last week would soon grace the shelves of J. M. Thompson's cheap store, has come to hand within the past few days, and we deem it our duty to apprise everybody of the fact. You cannot but be pleased with the stock and surprised at the prices now prevailing at this first class establishment.

MARRIED.

At Wilmore, on Tuesday, Nov. 12th, by Rev. J. Hackett, Mr. Edward LYNCH, of Sunbury township, and Miss Mary ANN O'KIEFFE, of Washington township.

Welcome, truly welcome, Edward, are you to the matrimonial fold, and may you be as happy and contented a benedict as you have been a worthy and prosperous bachelor. May peace and plenty ever gladden, and no care or sorrow ever sadden, the future lives of you and your estimable bride; and after a long and happy career in this world, may you pass to that better and purer existence in the world to come.

Through summer's heat and winter's pinch, May each escape all grief—Since both have done the name of Lynch, And lost the name—O'Kieffe.

On the 12th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. A. R. Haigh, pastor of the Lutheran church, Wilmore, Mr.

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.—This great medicine cured Dr. J. H. Schenck, the Proprietor, of Pulmonary Consumption, when it had assumed its most formidable aspect, and when speedy death appeared to be inevitable. His physicians pronounced his case incurable, when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. His health was restored, in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred pounds.

Since his recovery, he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption, and the diseases which are usually complicated with it, and the cures effected by his medicines have been very numerous and truly wonderful. Dr. Schenck makes professional visits to several of the larger cities weekly, where he has a large concourse of patients, and it is truly astonishing to see poor consumptives that have to be lifted out of their carriages, and in a few months healthy, robust persons. Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills are generally all required in curing Consumption. Full directions accompany each, so that any one can take them without seeing Dr. Schenck, but when it is convenient it is best to see him. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer his fee is three dollars.

Please observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health—are on the Government stamps.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Price \$1.50 per bottle, or \$7.50 the half dozen. Letters for advice should always be directed to Dr. Schenck's Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street Philadelphia, Pa.

Gen'l Wholesale Agents—Dumas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. D. Parks, Cincinnati, O.; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.

USE THE BEST.—Blades' Euphonia Linctus is a medicinal preparation in the form of a Lozenge, and is universally considered the most pleasant, convenient and effectual remedy in use for Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diphtheria, and all Pulmonary Complaints. They are WARRANTED to give quicker and more lasting benefit in the above affections than any other remedy. Also to contain no deleterious ingredient, and not to offend the weakest and most sensitive Stomach.

Blades' Constitution Pills are so called because of their peculiar effect upon the Liver, Stomach, Blood and Nervous System. For inactivity of the Liver, for the Stomach in derangement, or Dyspepsia, they will delight the patient with their mild and beneficial effect, especially if after long continued indigestion and costiveness, they are left with periodical returns of the Sick Headache. In case of a severe cold, producing Chills and Fever, you can break it very soon by using the Pills as per directions with each box.

JOHN H. BLADES & Co., 81-83-85-87-89, Proprietors, Elmira, N. Y. For sale by all Druggists: 25 cts. per box.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A man some time since was repairing a gas leak, corner of 28th Street and 6th Avenue, New York. He went in to the excavation and then lit a match. An explosion of gas took place, and the man was much burned. Dr. Tobias' Venetian Linctus was applied freely, and in three days the man was about his business in the Manhattan Gas Works as well as ever. His name is Samuel F. Waters. This is one of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venetian Linctus; it is not only good for Burns, but for old Sores, Bruises, Chronic Rheumatism, Sore Throats, Cuts, Insect Stings, Pains in the Limbs, Chills and Back; also internally, for Croup, Champs, Diarrhoea, Dysentery and Cramps. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, and is the best family medicine in the world. Orders are received all over Europe for it. The most celebrated Physicians recommend it—it never fails. Dr. Tobias puts up every drop himself. Sold by all Druggists at 50 cents and \$1 per bottle. Depot 56 Cortlandt Street, New York.

HALL'S VEGETABLE HAIR RENEWER.

Persons who are Gray Can have their hair restored to its natural color, and if it has fallen out, create a new growth, by its use.

It is the best HAIR DRESSING in the world, making lifeless, stiff, brushy hair healthy, soft and glossy.

Price \$1.00. For sale by all druggists. R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H. Prop's.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and the disease of Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes that every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing. Please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 165 S. Second St., Williamsburg, N. Y.

IT IS NOT TRUE that R. H. Singer intends leaving town, as some will have it, but, on the contrary, intends to carry on the Blacksmithing, in all its branches, stronger than ever. In order to do this it is necessary to employ workmen and buy tools, iron, etc., all of which cost money. Therefore persons indebted to Mr. Singer for work done in '65, '66 and the early part of '67, are requested to call and settle. He feels confident that his customers will not let him stick. 3t.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar street N. Y.

INFORMATION.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also, a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, &c., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 823 Broadway, New York.

EAT HEARTILY.—There are hundreds of people who do not dare to eat a hearty meal of victuals for fear of the distressing effects that follow. Cael's Dyspepsia Cure will stop it instantaneously. It has cured more cases of Dyspepsia than all other remedies com-

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Expon., Levavi Fasces and F. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Elmhurst, on MONDAY, the 23d day of DECEMBER next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of James D. Hamilton, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Wilmore borough, Cambria county, fronting 130 feet on Main street and running back 200 feet to Conemaugh river, thence along said river 300 feet to a Mill race, thence along said Mill race 200 feet to lot of Valentine Maltzi, thence along lot of Valentine Maltzi 200 feet to Main street, adjoining lot of Valentine Maltzi on the north and land of Ephraim Crum on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house and back building, now in the occupancy of the said James D. Hamilton. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Eager.

Also, all the right, title and interest of George Robinson and John Robinson, of, in and to the following described building and lot of ground: Said building is a repository or store house for carriages, lumber, etc., of two stories, having a front of 49 1/2 feet and 20 feet back, with a building attached 16 feet long by 20 wide, one story high, situated upon the back portion of Lot No. 20, in the borough of Chest Springs, Cambria county. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Jesse Varnes.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Samuel D. Price, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the borough of Elmhurst, Cambria county, fronting 50 feet on the Turnpike road, and extending back 165 feet to an alley, adjoining lot of George J. Rodgers on the north and an alley on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Wm. Richardson. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Graham & Thomas, for use of David R. Jones.

Also, all the right, title and interest of John J. Trefts, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the 3d ward of Johnstown borough, fronting on Bedford street and extending back to an alley, adjoining lot of Mr. Griffith on the north and an alley on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house, frame stable and slaughter house, now in the occupancy of the said John J. Trefts. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Robert Smith.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Ellen Burk and James M. Burk, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Washington township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Nicholas A. Burk, Arent Souan and others, containing 130 acres, more or less, about two acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story plank house and frame stable, not now occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of R. L. Johnston.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Wm. R. Hughes, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Wilmore borough, Cambria county, fronting on Railroad street on the west and Crooked street on the south, adjoining the school house property, containing one acre, more or less, now in the occupancy of Wm. R. Hughes. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mrs. Alice Hughes of West Philad'a.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Thomas Scott, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Yoder township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Elias Crissman, Jonas Yoder and others, containing 800 acres, more or less, about 100 acres of which are cleared, and having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Patk' Logan. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mary Divers.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Demetrius A. Weakland, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Joseph Dysert, Geo. Bingham and others, containing 170 acres, more or less, about 10 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected two one and a half story houses, now in the occupancy of James Weakland. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Scott.

Also, all the right, title and interest of George Gates, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Yoder township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Elias Crissman, Jonas Yoder and others, containing 800 acres, more or less, about 100 acres of which are cleared, and having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Patk' Logan. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of E. A. Vickroy.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Michael Snyder, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of David Burkhardt, David Horst and others, containing 42 acres, more or less, about 10 acres of which are cleared, not now occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of A. A. Barker. JAMES MYERS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Elmhurst, Nov. 14, 1867.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following appraisement of certain personal property of a decedent, selected and set apart for the widow of an intestate under the Act of Assembly of the 14th of April, 1851, has been filed in the Register's Office at Elmhurst, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for approval on Wednesday the 4th of December next, to wit:

Appraisement of certain personal property of Owen McCallie, late of Cambria borough, dec'd, set apart for the widow of said dec'd. JAMES GRIFFIN, Clerk, Clerk's Office, Elmhurst, Nov. 14, 1867.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The petition of John Strohm for License to keep an Eating House in the 3d Ward, Johnstown Borough, has been filed, and will be presented to the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria County, on the first Monday of December next.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Proth'y, Elmhurst, Nov. 14, 1867.

NOTICE.—The petition of JOHN DEWITT, of Cambria county, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying that his name be changed to JOHN B. HARNY, which said petition will be presented to the Judges of said Court on the second Monday of December next, for decree, &c. GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Proth'y, Elmhurst, Nov. 14, 4t.

STRAY CALVES.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Munster township, on Friday last, 8th inst., THREE CALVES, two of them heifers and the other a bull. They are red in color, with some white spots. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away, Nov. 14, 3t. WM. B. DIVER.

R. J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BURN, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.—Strohm, Munster, Pa.

THE PLACE YOU WERE LOOKING FOR?

THIS WAY!!

For Bargains!

MORE

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT

THOMPSON'S

CHEAP STORE!

On High Street.

THE LARGEST STOCK!

THE BEST VARIETY!

THE GREATEST BARGAINS

AND MORE OF THEM!

THAN HAVE BEEN OFFERED HERE

FOR A LONG TIME!

Fine DRESS GOODS

Standard Dry Goods,

SUPERB LINE OF NOTIONS,

FRESH GROCERIES,

AND ALL OTHER GOODS

IN GREAT PROFUSION!

COME and SEE

AND TELL ALL

TRIAL LIST.—List of Causes set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, commencing on Monday, the 23d day of November next:

Black vs Cooper
Christy vs Christy
Commonwealth vs Gates et al
Brown vs Gallagher
Storm vs Penns R R Co
Crossman, Solomon & Co vs Hughes & Co
Same vs Hamilton

McDermitt vs McIntire
Shoemaker Ass'ees vs Klinebaker et al
Pringle Adm' vs Pringle
Brotherline vs Smith et al
Hite vs Elliot
Hoffman vs Colless et al
Fenlon vs Duncan
Collins vs Delozier
Cruby vs Ducaan
Kris vs Noel et al
Calvin vs Noel
Litzinger vs Davis et al
Dunmire vs Boody's Admrs
White, Trustees vs McGlade
Same vs Same
Bendon vs Benlons
Campbell vs McKenzie et al
Same vs Pa R R Co
Same vs Grumbling et al
Miller vs Carle
McGough et al vs Adams et al

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

ECONOMY IN COAL.—As the wintry weather is with us once again, and fire is necessary to domestic comfort, a few hints condensed from a diffuse scientific article, will be found of interest. Some house-keepers, in the management of their fires, seem to suppose that an addition of fuel will insure increased combustion, and develop additional heat. Coal, and especially anthracite coal, should always be furnished with a sufficient amount of oxygen to keep the fire bright. It is only smothering and retarding the fire to put in a thick layer of coal, as some do, filling the fire-box from a layer of two inches of ignited coal to its utmost capacity, with fresh fuel. No more coal should be put on a fire at one time than will readily ignite and give off a pure white blaze—not a blue flame which denotes also the presence of unconsumed gases—and the fire should be undisturbed on the top. Another point of coal economy: in clearing the grate in the morning there is a quantity of unburned coal, which has been externally subjected to combustion. It is covered with ashes, and looks like cinder. It is often dumped into the ash box. The fact is that the lump is only roasted on the outside, not even cooked, and is in better condition for igniting than the green coal. Never waste it. Attention to these few hints will save many dollars in a winter.

CURE FOR FELONS.—As there is much needless suffering from felons, we deem it a duty to give a remedy which we know to be perfectly reliable: Take a portion of the bark of sweet cedar, or hups will do, put it with some sweet cream into a cup, and boil a short time; then put a lump of saltpetre twice as large as a pea; let it slowly dry away to the consistency of a salve, which apply to the felon. The saltpetre is the cure, but the cedar bark and sweet cream aid in easing the pain. As felons sometimes make it necessary to amputate a finger or hand, (if left alone,) they should be attended to at once. By putting on enough saltpetre any felon can be cured in forty-eight hours, and pain will cease almost immediately.

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.—I wish to inform you that your readers are aware that a valuable remedy the common cold oil is in (Cambridge Mass.) I have been using considerable of it lately, and have found almost immediate relief from it. It is surprising how supple and free from pain it will render some of our old stiff backs, suffering from all sorts of "cricks," and the weight of divers scores of years. So very valuable a remedy deserves to be made generally known, as its cheapness and abundance renders it generally accessible. Care should be exercised in using at night before lamp or fire light, as it sometimes explodes.—*Co. Genl.*

APPLES FOR RHEUMATISM.—Pare, core and stem ten apples in a very little water; season for a pie, and put it in a fruit dish. Beat up meanwhile the whites of four eggs, as you would for a cake, adding to the apples like rocks, or coarsely, avoiding the edge of the dish. Return it to a warm oven, and brown the crust color; slip all out carefully, by aid of a knife or spoon, into a china dish, and serve with cream. If you have not cream, make a custard of the yolks, flavored with essence of vanilla.

TO CLEAN CLOTH GARMENTS.—Rub soap upon the wrists and collars, and dip them in boiling hot water or new mangle water, and scrub them well with a brush. Then go over the dirty and greasy places in the same way. Get fresh soap and wet and brush the whole garment the right way of the cloth. Stretch the sleeves, pockets, and pocket holes, wrists and collars into shape, the same as ironed and put to dry. They will look as well as new.—*Germanian Telegraph.*

CURE FOR HOLLOW HORNS.—Take a handful of fine salt moistened with soft soap, rub thoroughly from the horns down each side of the back bone and across the line. Feed on green food, potatoes cut, or turnips, with a small quantity of bran sprinkled over them. Three or four applications generally effect a cure.

A GOOD DISH.—Take a piece of beef and chop it fine, take some onions and chop them fine, season with pepper and salt, grate some hard bread, mix them together with the white of an egg, make balls, then dip them into the yolk of the egg, and fry them in butter; lard will do, but butter is better.

ANOTHER NEW WRINKLE!

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR ALL AGES AND BOTH SEXES.

In addition to his large stock of the best Eastern made

SHOES, RUBBERS, GAITERS, &c., for Ladies' and Children's Wear, the subscriber has just added to his assortment a full and complete invoice of

Boots and Shoes for Men and Youths, which will not only warrant to be superior to any goods of like character now being offered in this market, but vary better in every respect than the shop-shop work with which the country is flooded. Remember that I offer no article for sale which I do not guarantee to be regular custom made, of the best material and superior finish, and at a price that will pretend to compete in price with the dealers in auction goods. I know that I can furnish BOOTS, SHOES, &c., and will give more service for less money than any other dealer in this community, and I will give myself to repair, free of charge, any shoes that may give way after a reasonable and reasonable use. Everybody is hereby invited to call and examine my goods and prices.

My stock is also prepared to manufacture for any order and all work in his line, and at prices as reasonable as like work can be done anywhere. French Calfs, Common Self, Morocco and all other kinds of shoes constantly on hand.

Store on Main street, next door to the Hotel.

JOHN D. THOMAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! TO CASH BUYERS! AT THE EBENBURG HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebenburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Timber* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as L.cks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives, in great variety, Scissors, Razors and Straight Razors, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chisels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Raps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Seythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Galls and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c. Old Shoe Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Lined Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnish oil, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES, such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Ham, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, White Wash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dyeing, Varnish, Stove, Closets and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manila Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

House Spouting made, painted and put up at low rates for cash. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying in large quantities.

GEO. HUNTLEY
Ebenburg, Feb. 28, 1867-4f.

QUICK SALES, QUICK SALES, AND SMALL PROFITS.

GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
EBENBURG, PA.
EBENBURG, PA.
EBENBURG, PA.

The Largest Stock of Goods. The Best Selected and the Greatest Variety ever brought to Town.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.

The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact, that he has just received and opened out in his New Store, a large stock of goods, consisting of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP FEED,
Bran, Fish, Bacon and Cheese, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Soap, Vinegar, &c., &c.

NOTIONS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, Stoneware and Earthenware. ALSO, a fine assortment of the best and latest style of Hats. He always keeps constantly on hand Bologna Sausages, Sardines, Fresh and Spiced Oysters in can, or half cans, and almost everything in the eating or drinking line. All of which will be sold at small profit.

GEO. GURLEY,
Main Street, Ebenburg, Pa.
January 31, 1867.

PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale two valuable tracts of TIMBER LAND, situated in Jackson County, and known as the "Hedge Property." Also—Four other valuable tracts of LAND, situated in California and Jackson townships, and known as the "Pensacola Property." ALSO—TWO FARMS adjoining the borough of Ebenburg—one containing about 100 acres; the other about 160 acres. The buildings are all in good repair, with never-failing springs of water near the houses.

Persons wishing to purchase or sell Farms or Timber Lands, will do well by calling on me before buying or offering them for sale.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ap. 11.4f. Atty at Law, Ebenburg.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS!

Being desirous of retiring from business, I offer for sale the *Ebenburg Foundry*, with all its appurtenances, including all the real and personal property thereto belonging, the entire contents of the stock, &c. Also, all the stock, manufactured and unmanufactured, consisting of Threshing Machines, Cooking Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Plows and Castings of various kinds. As I am determined to sell, purchasers may rely upon getting any or all the above named articles cheaper than they can be had anywhere else in Pennsylvania. The public are invited to call and judge for themselves.

July 4, 1867-6m. E. GLASS.

JOSEPH ZOLNER

HAS just opened, and offers for sale lower than they can be bought elsewhere, a splendid lot of CLOCKS, fine WATCHES of every description, ACCORDIONS, JEWELRY, and a variety of all articles in his line. Repairs of Clocks, Watches, and all kinds of Jewelry, done on short notice and at reasonable terms. All work warranted. Call at his shop, High street, opposite Public School House, Ebenburg. [Sep. 5, 7f]

CURTAIN FIXTURE!

Has no superior in the World! It is pronounced faultless by all who have used it, and it is predicted that it will supersede all other Curtain Fixtures now in use. For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. W. Zeigler, having opened an office in rooms over R. R. Thomas' Store, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebenburg and vicinity. Teeth extracted without pain by use of Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas.

ROBERT E. JONES,
Ebenburg, Cambria co., Pa.,
Dealer in Lumber. The highest prices in Cash, paid for CHERRY, POPLAR, ASH and LINN LUMBER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

310 A DAY MADE BY ANY ONE WITH MY PATENT STENCIL TOOLS. I prepare samples free. Beware of imitations. My circulars will explain. Address A. J. FULLAM, Springfield, Vermont.

WE STILL LIVE! Don't be humbugged by impostors or "patent" cast iron or machine "Stencil tools." Send for our New Catalogue of Improved Stencil Dies, 20 varieties, all of Steel, carefully finished and tempered. S. M. SPENCER & CO., Braintree, Vt.

WANTED—AN AGENT.—One chance in each town, worthy the attention of an active business man, to take the agency for the sale of *Bradstreet's Rubber Moulding and Weather Strips*, applied to the sides, top, bottom and centre of doors and windows.—The sale is beyond anything ever offered before to an agent, and from \$10 to \$25 per day can be made. Send for agents' circular. The first who apply secure a bargain. Terms for Moulding, cash. J. R. BRADSTREET & CO., Boston, Mass.

TORREY'S PATENT WEATHER STRIPS.—An examination of their merits will convince any one that Torrey's Patent Weather Strips excel all others. Send for circular. Agents wanted in every town. E. S. & J. TORREY & Co., Sole Manufacturers, 72 Maiden Lane, New York.

WANTED—SALESMEN TO TRAVEL and sell Goods by sample. Good wages and steady employment. Address, with stamp, HAMILTON, PERKY & CO., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—3 Cents.—To sell a live man in every county a business paying \$250 per month sure. J. C. TILTON, Pittsburg, Pa.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—THE GRAFTON MINERAL PAINT COMPANY are now manufacturing the best, cheapest and most durable Paint in use; two coats will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, olive, drab or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Agricultural Implements, Carriages and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof), Bridges, Rural Cases, Canal Boats, Ships and Ships' Bottoms, Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 lbs. the past year), and as a paint for purposes of durability, durability, elasticity and adhesiveness. Price \$6 per barrel of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular, which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL, Proprietor, 254 Pearl-st., N. Y. Agents wanted.

THE RICHEST MAN IN THE WORLD.—Extract of a Letter from Baron Solomon Rothschild.—Paris, 8th April, 1864. Rue Faub. St. Honore.—Will you be kind enough to have forwarded to me here 200 bottles of your Indian Liniment; if you will send at the same time the account, I will forward you the amount through Messrs. Belmont & Co., New York. Baron Solomon Rothschild having recommended to many of his friends Major LANE'S LINIMENT, and they being desirous to procure it, he should advise him to establish a depot in Paris.

THE INDIAN LINIMENT.—As a relief, ever ready; as a killer of pain, taken inwardly, or outwardly applied, has no equal. For the relief and cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgic Affections, Sprains, Bruises, &c., it is unequalled. It is also most efficacious, taken inwardly, in the cure of Cholera, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, &c., and is without exception the most wonderful Panacea the world affords. NO FAMILY should be without it. Every TRAVELER by land or sea should have a bottle. MINERS and FARMERS residing at a distance from physicians should have it constantly on hand. In case of Accidents and sudden attacks of Stomach Complaints, its value cannot be estimated. Inquire for Major LANE'S INDIAN LINIMENT, and take no other. PRICE 50 Cts. per bottle. For sale at wholesale and retail by Dennis Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, N. Y.; Gale & Robinson, 186 Greenwich-st., N. Y.; F. C. Wells & Co., 192 Fulton-st., N. Y.; C. S. N. Critchfield, 38 6th Ave., N. Y.; and by respectable Druggists throughout the world. None genuine unless signed by JOHN THOS. LANE, and counter-signed by J. T. LANE & Co., Proprietors, 163 Broadway, N. Y. Send for circular.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. THE TRUE REMEDY AT LAST DISCOVERED. UPHAM'S FRESH MEAT CURE, prepared from the formula of Prof. Toussaint of Paris, cures Consumption, Lung Diseases, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Marasmus, General Debility, and all morbid conditions of the system dependent on deficiency of vital force. It is pleasant to taste, and a single bottle will convince the most skeptical of its virtue as the great healing remedy of the age. \$1 a bottle, or six bottles for \$5. Sent by Express. Sold by S. C. UPHAM, No. 25 S. Eighth-st., Philadelphia, and principal Druggists. Circulars sent free.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—The Cheapest Book ever Published, containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the Anatomy of the Human Organism in a state of Health and Disease, with a treatise on Early Errors and their Deplorable Consequences upon the Mind and Body, with the Author's Plan of Treatment—the only rational and successful mode of Cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage who cannot read of the physical condition. Sent free of postage to stamp or currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally or by mail. Medicines sent to any part of the world.

WE ARE COMING. And will present to any person sending us a club in our Great One Price Sale of Dry and Fancy Goods, &c., a Silk Dress Pattern, Piece of Sheet, Watch, &c., free of cost. Catalogue of goods, and sample, sent to any address free. Address J. S. HAWES & CO., 30 Hanover St., Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 5126.

It is the Best Chance ever offered to Agents! One or two days' time will secure a good Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Revolver, or some other article of equal value, FREE OF COST! Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, for the best One Dollar

Machine, Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Revolver, or some other article of equal value, FREE OF COST! Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, for the best One Dollar

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MISCELLANEOUS.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

I am now prepared to offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS TO CASH PURCHASERS OF

TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!

EITHER AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of Tin, Sheet-Iron, COPPER AND BRASS WARES,

ENAMELLED AND PLAIN SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS &c., COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spears' Anti-Dust HEATING AND COOKING STOVES, EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES, NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Old Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; or they will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors, all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SPENCER'S SIFTER! It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron, at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY,
Johnstown, March 7, 1867-6m.

HARTFORD LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY.

CASH CAPITAL \$500,000.

We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both Death and Theft, in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or THEFT.

OWNERS OF HORSES, Manufacturers, Farmers, Teamsters, Expressmen, Physicians, and in fact all who are to any extent dependent upon the services of their horses in their daily vocations, should insure in this Company, and thus derive a protection against the loss of their animals, which is in many cases the sole means of support to their owners.

FARM STOCK. Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this

PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA! By insuring in this Company you exchange a certain gain for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforeseen calamity.

Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid. Apply to KERR & CO., General Agents, April 4, 1867-1y. Altoona, Pa.

Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebenburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

FOREIGN SHIPPING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.

We are now selling Exchange (at New York Rates on)

England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Germany, Prussia, Austria, Bavaria, Wurttemberg, Baden, Hesse, Saxony, Hanover, Belgium, Switzerland, Holland, Norway and France.

And tickets to and from any Port in England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, France, California, New South Wales or Australia.

KERR & CO.

JOHN HICKEY, ALTOONA PA., Dealer in all kinds of Household Furniture!

SUCH AS LOUNGES, TABLES, BEDSTEADS, SOFAS, BUREAUS, WHAT-NOTS, CUSHIONED, CANE-BOTTOMED AND COMMON CHAIRS, &c.

NEW FURNITURE WAREROOM, JULIA STREET, NEAR HARRIET, Opposite the Protestant Episcopal Church, March 7, 1867-1y. EAST ALTOONA.

TOM. P. DAVIS, WITH BOYD & STROUD, Importers and Dealers in QUEENSWARE, CHINA AND GLASS, No. 32 NORTH FOURTH ST., Four doors below Merchants' Hotel, PHILA.

JAMES CONNOR, Wholesale Grocer, DEALER IN FLOUR, BACON, FISH AND SALT, No. 355 Liberty street, June 27, 1867. PITTSBURGH, PA.

FRANK W. HAY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Manufacturer, of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, Canal street, below Clinton, Johnstown, Pa. A large stock constantly on hand.

Wm. J. Williams, [my 16-1y]

Wm. J. Williams, [my 16-1y]

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, Manufacturers of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, 501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR From negatives made in the various campaigns, and forming a complete photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS, Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of Stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS. We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties, from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. [apr 26-1y.]

CHAIR MANUFACTORY. WM. P. PATTON, JOHNSTOWN, PA.

ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS, such as common Windsor Chair, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bistle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,

Cane Seat Chairs, ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE SPRING SEAT CHAIRS

Settees, Lounges, &c., &c. **CABINET FURNITURE** of every description and of latest STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE Tastes of all.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.]

EBENBURG DRUG AND BOOK STORE!

LEMMON & MURRAY, DEALERS IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, Fancy Soaps, Leon's and Hall's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, (all kinds,) Davis' Pain Killer, Rindways Ready Relief, Brown's Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Citrate Magnesia, Flavoring Extracts and Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, PURE SPICES, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS, Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds, Cap. Pen, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

Medicine for the body and food for the mind. Call and see.

MAIN STREET, EBENBURG, July 25, 1867.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!

JOHN J. MURPHY & CO., At their Stores in the Scott House, Main St., and on Clinton Street, Johnstown.

Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which are priced with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves. Feb. 28, 1867-1f. \$5

H. CHILDS & CO., Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES, AND SOLE LEATHER, 138 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Bags, Baiting and Carpet Canvas. Feb. 28, 1867-1f.

GAY & WELSH, Successors to Gay & Painter, WHOLESALE Grocers and Commission Merchants AND DEALERS IN FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c., Corner Penn and Canal Sts., opposite Grain Elevator. [Feb 28] Pittsburgh, Pa.

M. CRESSWELL & CO., Importers and Jobbers of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, No. 511 Market Street, PHILADELPHIA.

JANNEY & ANDREWS, 123 Market St. PHILA.